

PATIENT

Chewy Grausam

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

History: Chewy presented for PE - grade II/VI heart murmur diagnosed- no HX of previous murmur currently no coughing/collapsing episodes at this time.

-Blood pressure: 140, 180, 173, 158 and 152mmHg. Size 3 cuff on the left front leg.

-Sedation used: Not needed.

SPECIES

Canine

ECHOCARDIOGRAM FINDINGS

2D, m-mode, color flow and doppler imaging is available. Minimal diffuse thickening of mitral valve leaflets with no obvious prolapse into the left atrial lumen. No mitral regurgitation is identified. Normal left atrial dimension. Normal LV diameter with adequate myocardial function. The tricuspid valve appears subjectively normal, with no tricuspid regurgitation. The right heart is normal (subjective). No overt evidence of pulmonary arterial hypertension. The pulmonic and aortic valves are normal in morphology and mobility. No aortic abnormalities identified, however the LVOT velocity is mildly elevated. Normal pulmonic outflow velocities. No aortic or pulmonic insufficiency. No pericardial or pleural effusion noted. No cardiac tumors observed.

BREED

Terrier mix

SEX

Male Neutered

CARDIAC CHART

AGE

8 years

WEIGHT

29lbs

INTERPRETED BY

Maggie Machen Lamy,
DVM, DACVIM
(Cardiology)

HOSPITAL NAME

Noah's Ark Veterinary
& Boarding Resort

REFERRING VET

Dr. Martinez-
Hernandez

INVOICE

20425

DATE

8/9/21

CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	MR VMAX (m/s)	TR VMAX (m/s)	LA/AO (Boon method)	LA/AO (Heart Base; Swe)	FS (%)	EF (%)	EPSS (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	4.5-5.5	<2.7	1.3	<1.6	28-40	40-100	<0.6
PATIENT	NA	NA	NM	1.2	45	77	NM
CANINE CARDIAC PARAMETERS	HR (BPM)	AV VMAX (m/s)	PV MAX (m/s)	BODY WEIGHT (kg)	LA 2D short axis Base view (cm)	LVIDd Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)	LVIDs Avg; 2D and m-mode short axis (cm)
NORMAL PARAMETER	50-100	0.7-1.7	0.7-1.6	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW	BELOW
PATIENT	114	2.2	1.5	13.2	1.8	3.4	1.9
*Normal chamber parameters expressed as a mean value				3	1.27 (5.3)	2.46 (2.46)	1.36 (5.5)
BODY WEIGHT DEPENDENT PARAMETERS				5	1.40 (4.5)	2.74 (5.2)	1.60 (4.7)
*Note: All measurements based upon multi-modal images and methods. An average value is reported.				10	1.50 (3.8)	3.27 (3.5)	2.06 (3.1)
				15	1.83 (2.0)	3.71 (2.4)	2.43 (2.1)
				20	2.02 (1.9)	4.14 (2.2)	2.80 (2.0)
				25	2.18 (2.4)	4.48 (2.9)	3.10 (2.5)
				30	2.33 (3.3)	4.83 (3.9)	3.39 (3.4)
				35	2.48 (4.3)	5.17 (5.0)	3.69 (4.5)
				40	2.62 (5.2)	5.48 (6.1)	3.96 (5.4)
				50	2.88 (7.1)	6.07 (8.3)	4.46 (7.4)

Adapted from June Boon, Veterinary Echocardiography, 1998
Rishniw M and Hollis NE, J Vet Intern Med 2000; 14:429-435
Hansson et al, Vet Rad and Ultrasound 2002
Bonagura et al. Echocardiography: principles of interpretation, Vet Clin North Am 15:1177, 1995

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

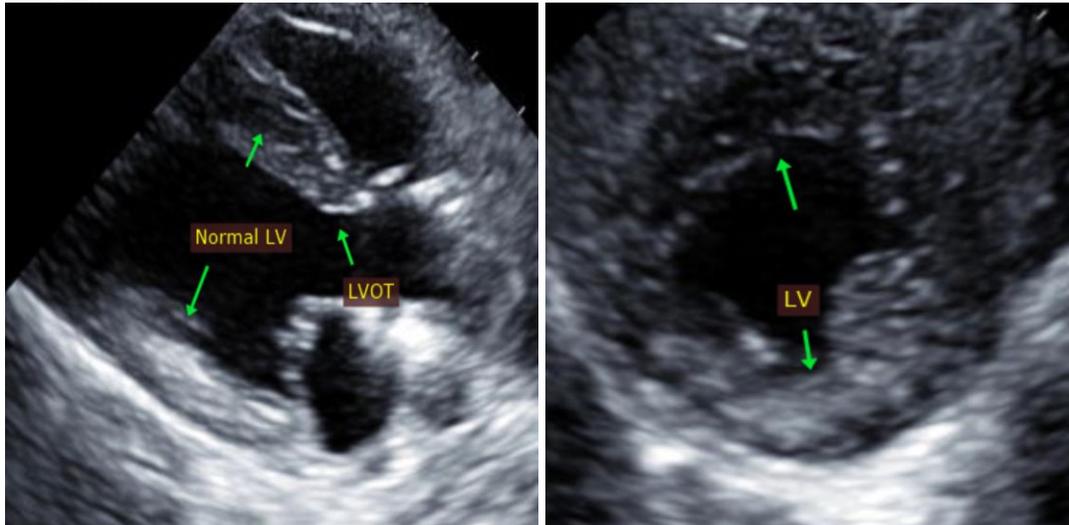
The only cause of a murmur identified is increased flow velocity through the LVOT/aortic root. No obvious subaortic ridge or valvular abnormalities are visualized, and in the absence of structural abnormalities this is considered a benign flow murmur. If this is a new murmur, it is reasonable to monitor periodically via recheck echocardiography in the future. Additionally, screening for fluid status abnormalities (dehydration, anemia, etc.) is recommended through routine lab work as these abnormalities would make this finding more prevalent. No significant valvular insufficiencies were noted, and no structural issues identified.

No cardiac medications are indicated. No cardiac contraindication for general anesthesia.

Monitor for any development of cough, labored breathing or exercise intolerance.

Recommend recheck echocardiogram in 12-18 months to screen for progression or development of concurrent cardiac disease that the preexisting murmur may mask.

IMAGES



The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. This report was generated using transcription software, and minor dictation errors may be present. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

**Maggie Machen Lamy, DVM
Diplomate of the American College of Veterinary Internal Medicine (Cardiology)**